

Variant II

I. Insert "to" where necessary.

1. I'd rather travel by train. I'm afraid of airplanes.
a) to; b) –
2. There used be a small house here.
a) to; b) –
3. They have no garden play in.
a) to; b) –
4. Why not go and consult the doctor if you are not feeling well?
a) to; b) –
5. This hat will make you look old-fashioned.
a) to; b) –
6. I'll have to get up earlier not miss the train.
a) to; b) –
7. Never let him talk with you in such a way.
a) to; b) –
8. I couldn't but reject your offer.
a) to; b) –

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II. Fill in the correct form of the Infinitive.

1. Jane seems something. The smell is wonderful.
a) to cook; b) to be cooking; c) to have cooked; d) to be cooked
2. I never knew him with anything.
a) to please; b) to be pleased; c) be pleased; d) to have pleased
3. His smile made me at ease.
a) to feel; b) to be feeling; c) feeling; d) feel

4. CIA is reported the two terrorists a week ago. They are in a military base now.
a) to arrest; b) to have arrested; c) to be arresting;
d) to have been arresting
5. Don't ask Jill. She is supposed on her diploma paper.
a) to work; b) to have worked; c) to be working; d) working
6. I haven't seen Bill since May. He is said to London for a three months training.
a) to send; b) to be sending; c) to have sent; d) to have been sent
7. The seminar is likely at the University.
a) be held; b) to be held; c) to have held; d) to hold
8. Probably he'll return soon. He is known there for about a year already.
a) to stay; b) to be staying; c) to have stayed; d) to have been staying

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III. Choose the right translation of the underlined words.

1. Принять его предложение было просто глупо с ее стороны. Она сейчас об этом очень жалеет.
a) to accept; b) to be accepting; c) to have accepted
2. Нет, он не тот человек, которого нужно опасаться.
a) be afraid of; b) to be afraid of; c) to have been afraid of
3. Я остановился, чтобы поговорить с ней.
a) talking; b) to talk; c) to have talked
4. Надо многое сделать.
a) to be doing; b) to have done; c) to be done
5. Никогда не поздно признать свои ошибки.
a) It's never late to admit; b) It's never late admit;
c) It's never be late to admit

6. Он слишком занят, чтобы просить его об этом сейчас.
a) too busy to ask; b) too busy to be asked; c) too busy to have asked
7. Этот нож слишком тупой, чтобы им можно было нарезать мясо.
a) to cut; b) to be cut ... with; c) to cut ... with
8. У меня нет друзей, которые могли бы мне помочь.
a) to help me; b) to be helped; c) to have helped me

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IV. Complete the sentence with the right phrase.

1. These students can speak English fluently. Did you hear ? I really enjoyed it.
a) them speaking; b) that they spoke; c) them to speak
2. We were on the upper deck and observed the English coast slowly.
a) approaching; b) that approached; c) to be approaching
3. I heard to take part in the Conference.
a) him agree; b) him to have agreed; c) that he had agreed
4. She is sure to be a very good skater. I saw at our stadium.
a) her to skate; b) her skate; c) that she had skated
5. We watched football last Friday. He was brilliant.
a) him play; b) him to play; c) him have played
6. I saw no way out.
a) him have; b) him to have; c) that he had
7. Everyone noticed rather frightened, but she pretended to be cheerful.
a) her have been; b) her to be; c) that she was
8. We often heard at her pupils.
a) the teacher shout; b) the teacher's shouting; c) that she shouted

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V. Select the right translation of the phrase in brackets.

1. (Предполагается, что) all employees ... to follow the accepted dress code.
a) are noticed; b) are found; c) are supposed; d) are known
2. (Казалось, что они не) to be worried about the coming exams.
a) they did happen; b) they didn't seem; c) they were unlikely;
d) they didn't prove
3. (Известно, что) Jack to have been in Paris on business trip.
a) is thought; b) was believed; c) is chanced; d) is known
4. (У меня случайно были) money enough to buy the flowers she liked.
a) I appeared to have; b) I happened to have; c) I turned out to have;
d) I was sure to have
5. They (сообщается, что) to be constructing a new production site in Italy.
a) are expected; b) are supposed; c) are reported; d) are certain
6. I'm sorry but she (вряд ли) to help you.
a) is unlikely; b) is likely; c) is sure; d) is certain
7. The train is to leave in 5 minutes. You (наверняка) to miss it.
a) are sure; b) are unlikely; c) are known; d) are happened
8. These goods (оказалось, что) to have been paid for.
a) seemed; b) appeared; c) happened; d) turned out

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VI. Fill in the blanks with the right phrase.

1. Will it be impossible time for going there tonight?
a) to find you ; b) for you to find; c) for your finding; d) you to find
2. Mary waited on Sunday.
a) the letter to arrive; b) for the letter arrive; c) for the letter to arrive
d) letter arrive
3. The best thing is to see your doctor.
a) for you to do; b) for you do; c) for you to have done; d) you to do

4. It's when he'll return.
a) she to learn; b) for her learn; c) for her to learn; d) for to have learnt
5. There was nothing but wait.
a) him to do; b) for him to do; c) for him to have done; d) him do
6. I'm doing it once again
a) for her understanding; b) her to understand; c) for her to understand
7. It will be very nice her at the hospital.
a) for you to visit; b) of you to visit; c) for you to have visited; d) you to visit
8. It was too difficult what he's doing.
a) for a boy to realise; b) for a boy realise; c) to realise a boy;
d) a boy to realise

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